



GreenCape

GEC & TIPS Green
Recovery Dialogue #4:
Access to Inclusive Finance
for Local Green
Entrepreneurs in South
Africa



Where are we going?

1. Climate finance mapping
2. Climate Finance Supply Chain.
3. The Climate Finance Accelerator.



Setting a baseline for 2020/21

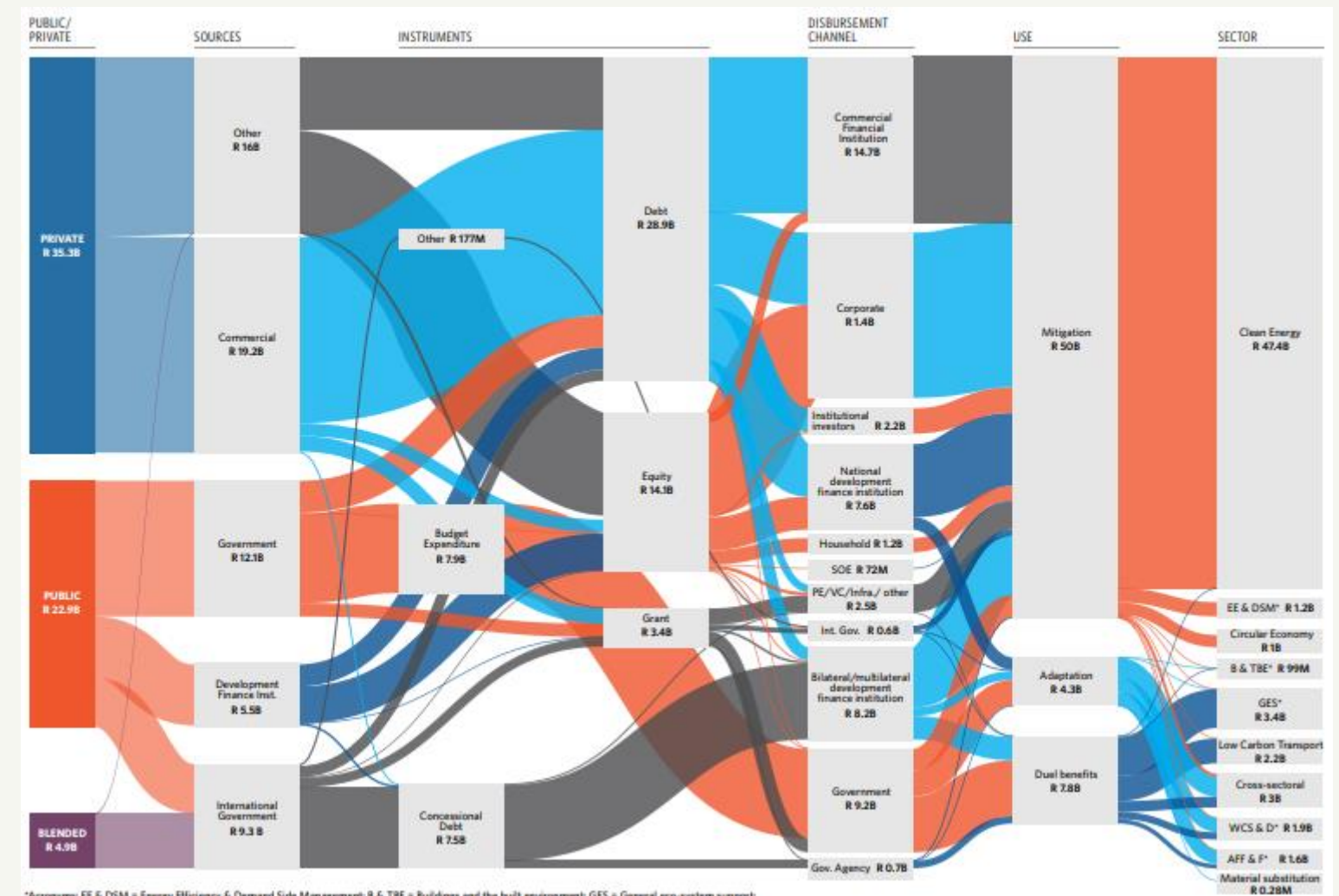
Five sectors are leading this mainstreaming of climate-resilient in South Africa: clean energy, low carbon transport, smart water (supply and demand), circular economy and smart agriculture.

Catalysing the financing and investments = **CHALLENGE**

Achieve South Africa's NDCs by 2030 =

- R8.9 trillion over a 15-year (2015-2030)
- Annual investment of R596 billion

This report aimed to set a baseline and tracked annual climate finance totalling R62.2 billion for 2017 and 2018



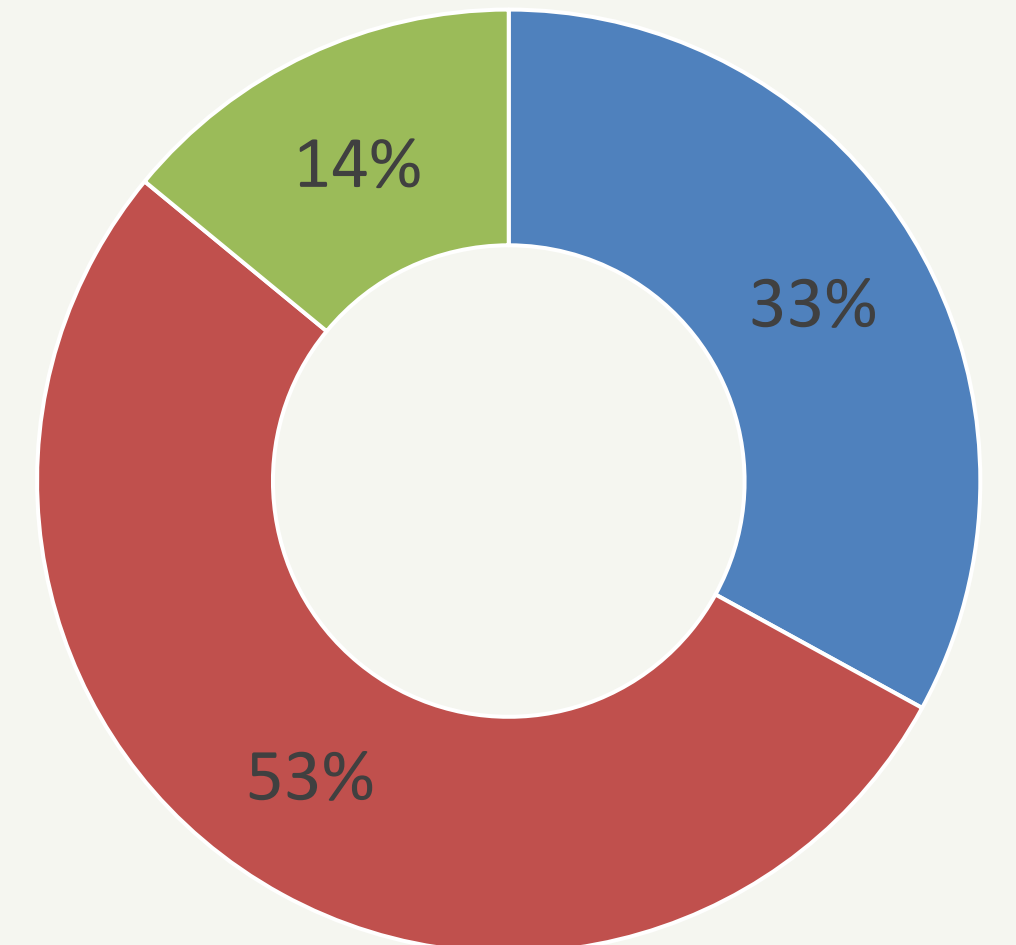
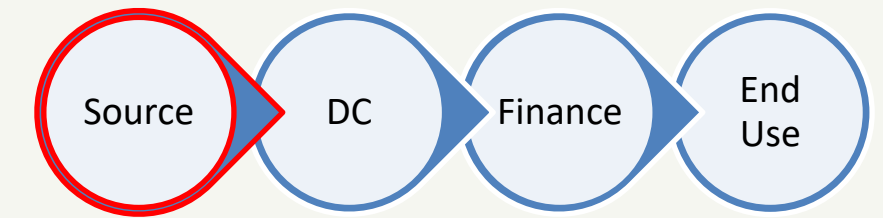
Sources of climate finance tracked

Financial outflow of resources:

Public: governments, agencies, public climate funds, and gov. funded DFIs.

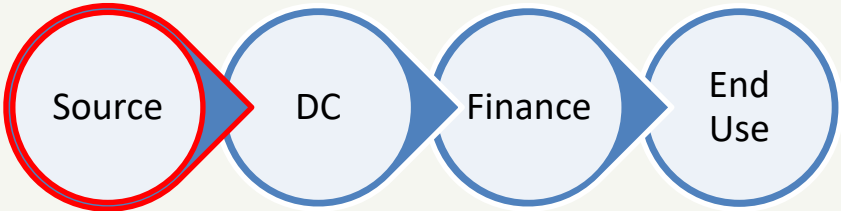
Private: private individuals and companies and is not state-controlled.

Blended: strategic use of development finance for the mobilisation of private finance towards development goals



■ Public ■ Private ■ Blended

Sources of climate finance tracked - public



Annual average of **~R22 billion**, or **25%** of the total climate finance tracked in 2017-2018.

The SA Government accounted for **~R12 billion** of the tracked investments ([National Government Budget tagging](#))

All ten climate-related sectors with 75% made up of:

- Clean energy
- General eco-system support
- Cross-sector investments

Growth based on South Africa's NDP - committed to invest 10% of GDP in to transport, energy and water, over the next ten years

Supported by:

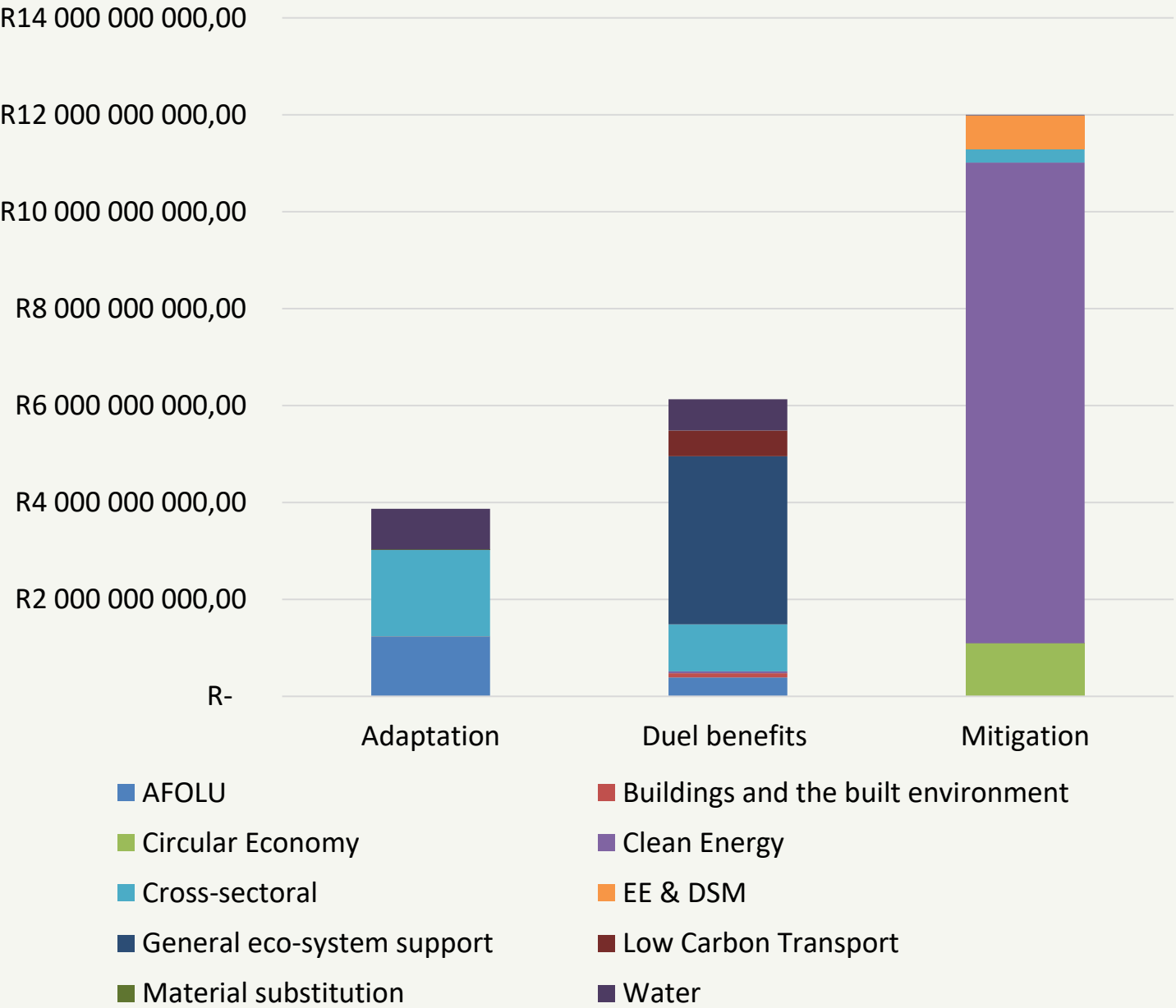


Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Building and Nuclear Safety

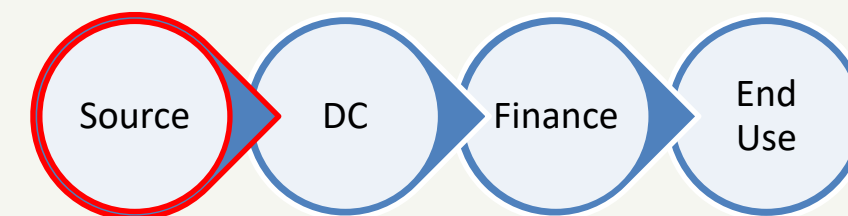
In collaboration with:



CLIMATE POLICY INITIATIVE



Sources of climate finance tracked - private



Private actors accounted for an average of **R35.3 billion** of the funds tracked per year during 2017 and 2018.

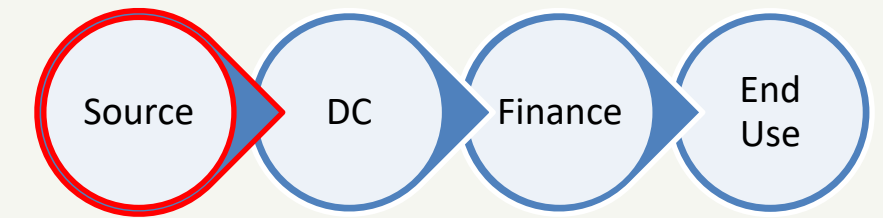
largest source of private climate investment:

- Commercial Banks
- Institutional investors
- Venture Capital

Combined accounting for R19.3 billion.



Sources of climate finance tracked - blended

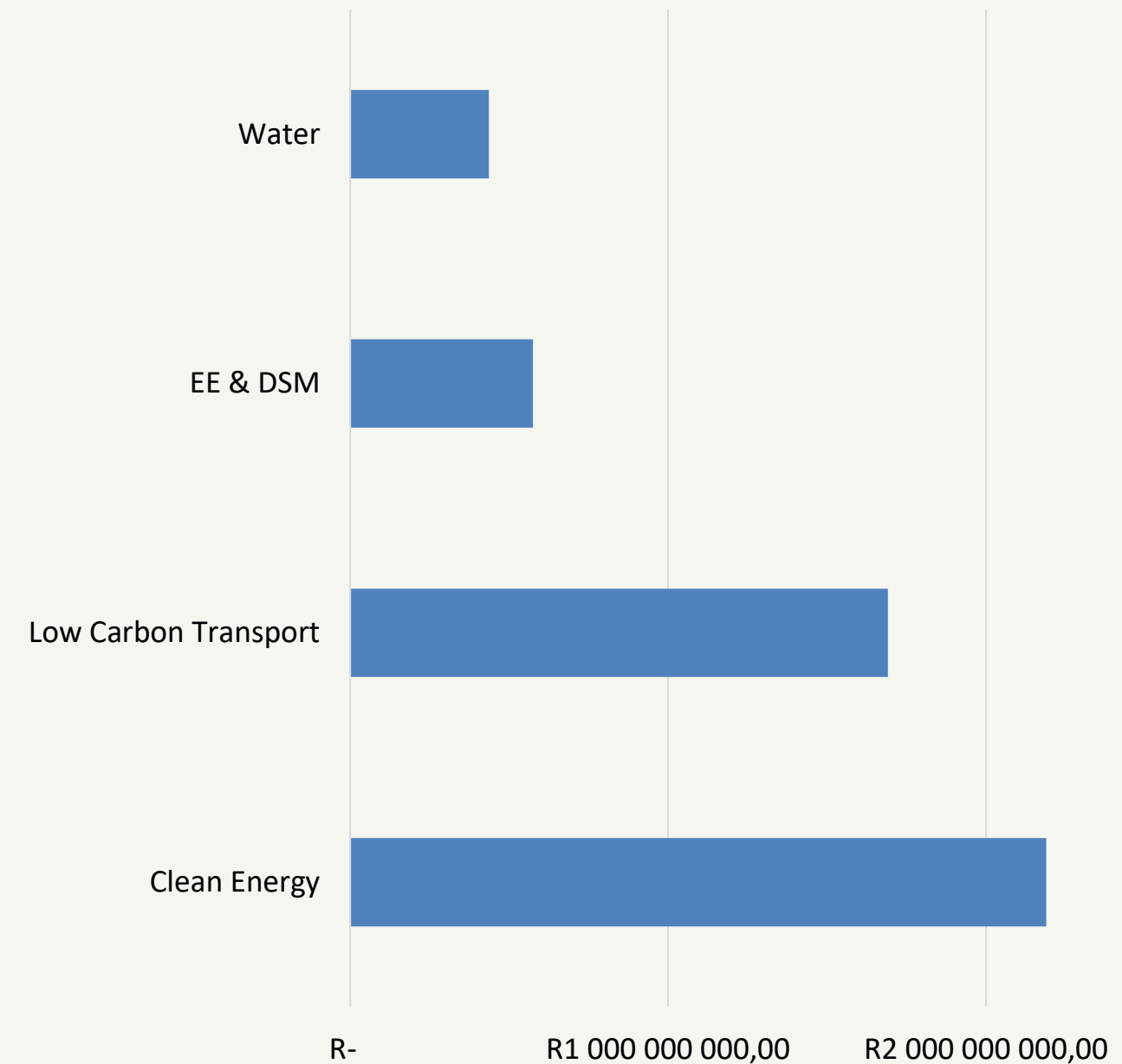


Average tracked of **R4.9 billion per year**

- 75% structured using 90/10 (private/public)
- 25% structured using 20/80 (private/public)

These leverage ratios supported an increased risk appetite, which allowed investments into new and innovative sectors like low carbon transport.

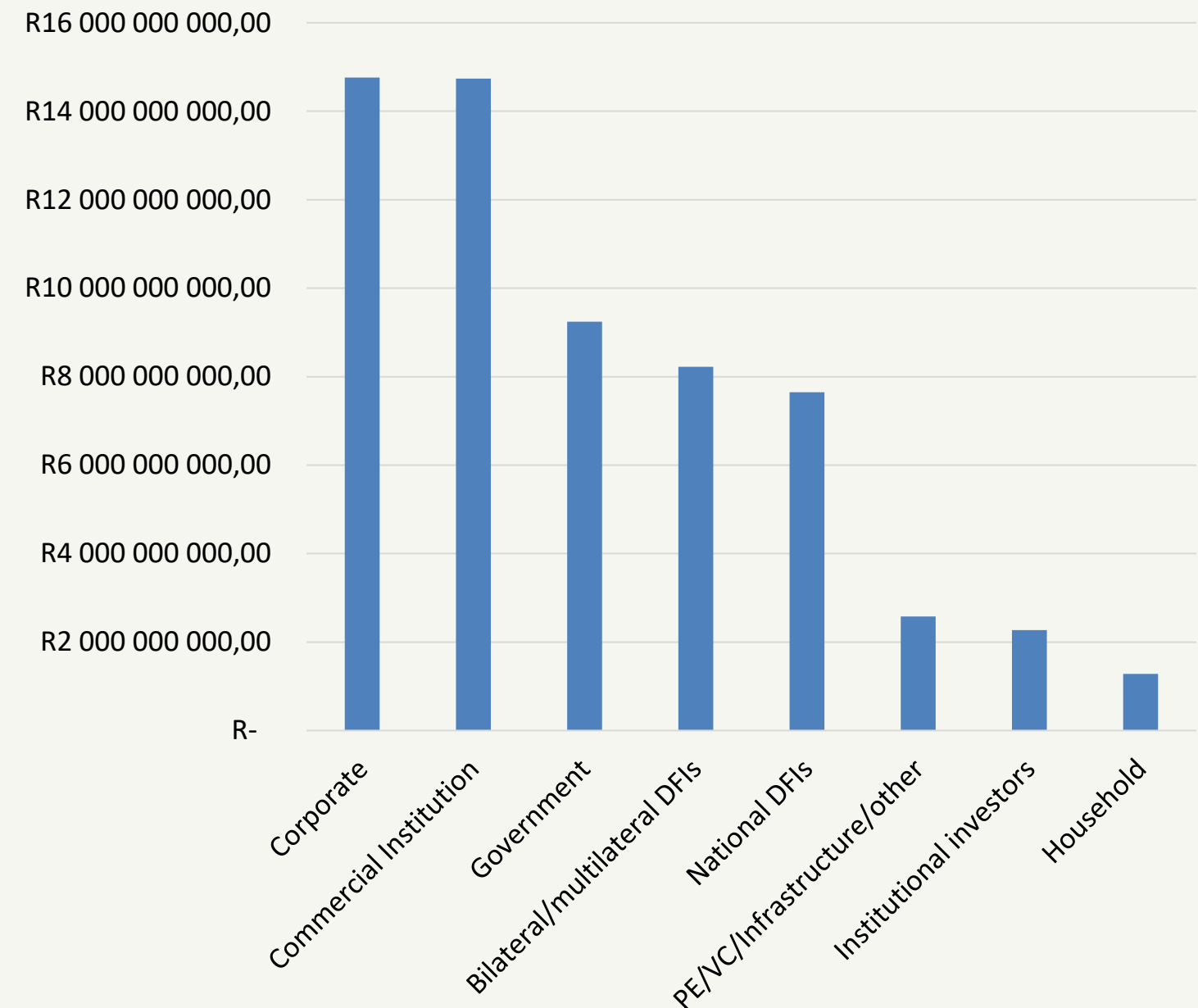
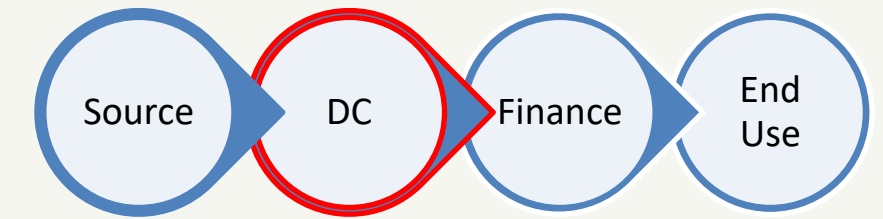
Check out the Green Outcomes Fund ([link](#))



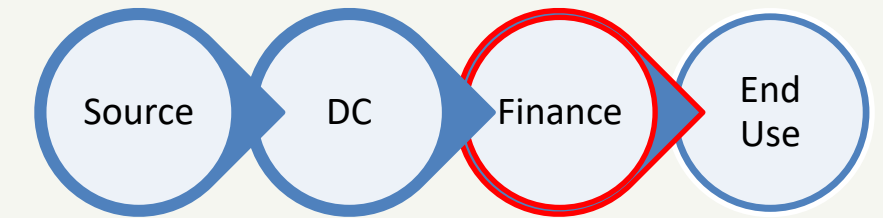
Financial disbursement channels

Mapped 12 different disbursement channels:

- Corporates / commercial institutions - **R29.5 billion**
 - 100% in clean energy (private generation).
- The SA Government accounted for **R9.2 billion**
 - Dual benefit and adaptation focus.
- Bilateral/multilateral DFIs accounted for **R8.2 billion**
- National DFIs accounted for **R7.9 billion**
 - Some agriculture focus (June 2017, Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza).



Financial mechanisms and instruments



The landscape considered five financial instruments:

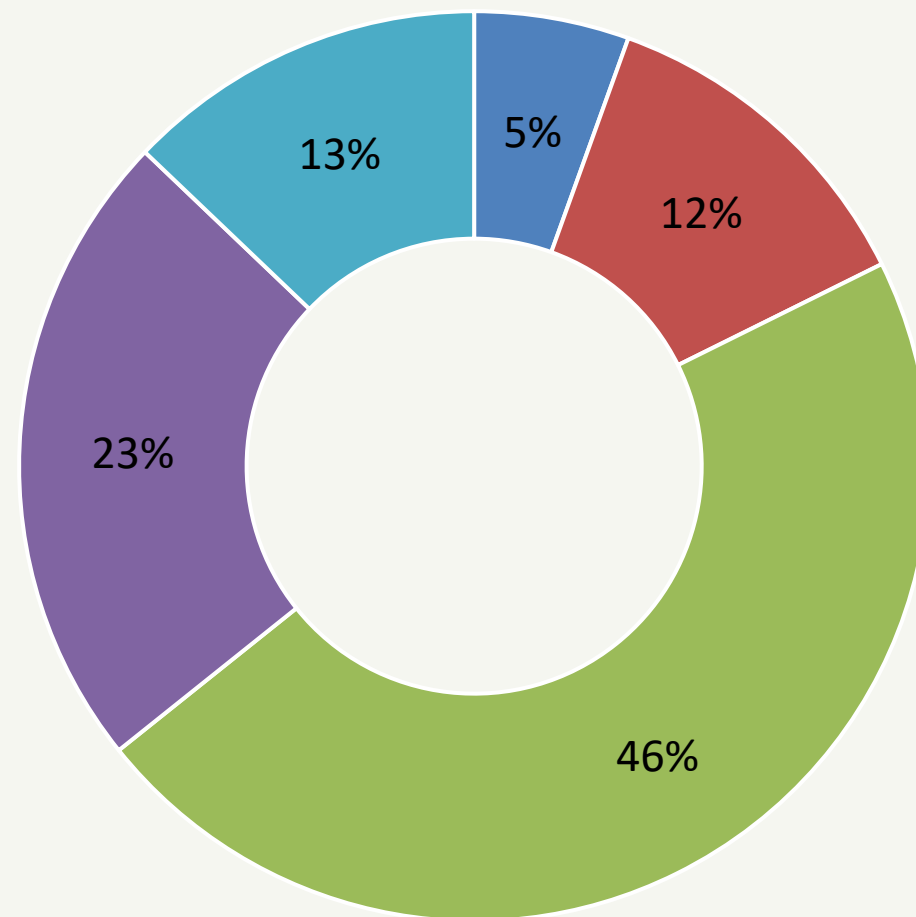
R36.5 billion of the tracked finance was raised as debt.

- **R28.9 billion** was provided at market rates.
- **R7.6 billion** was marked as concessional.

62% of this concessional debt was raised from blended finance sources mobilise capital and accelerate high impact sector investments.

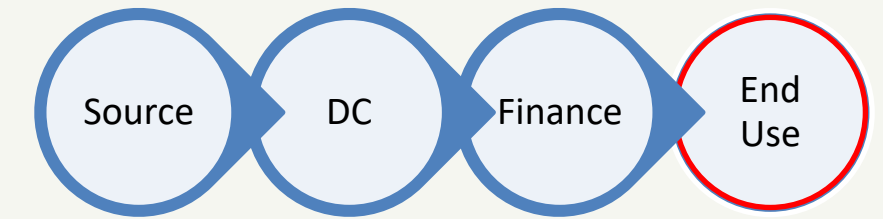
R14.2 billion of the tracked finance was raised as equity.

R3.5 billion of the tracked finance was raised as grants.



■ Grant ■ Concessional Debt ■ Debt
■ Equity ■ Budget Expenditure

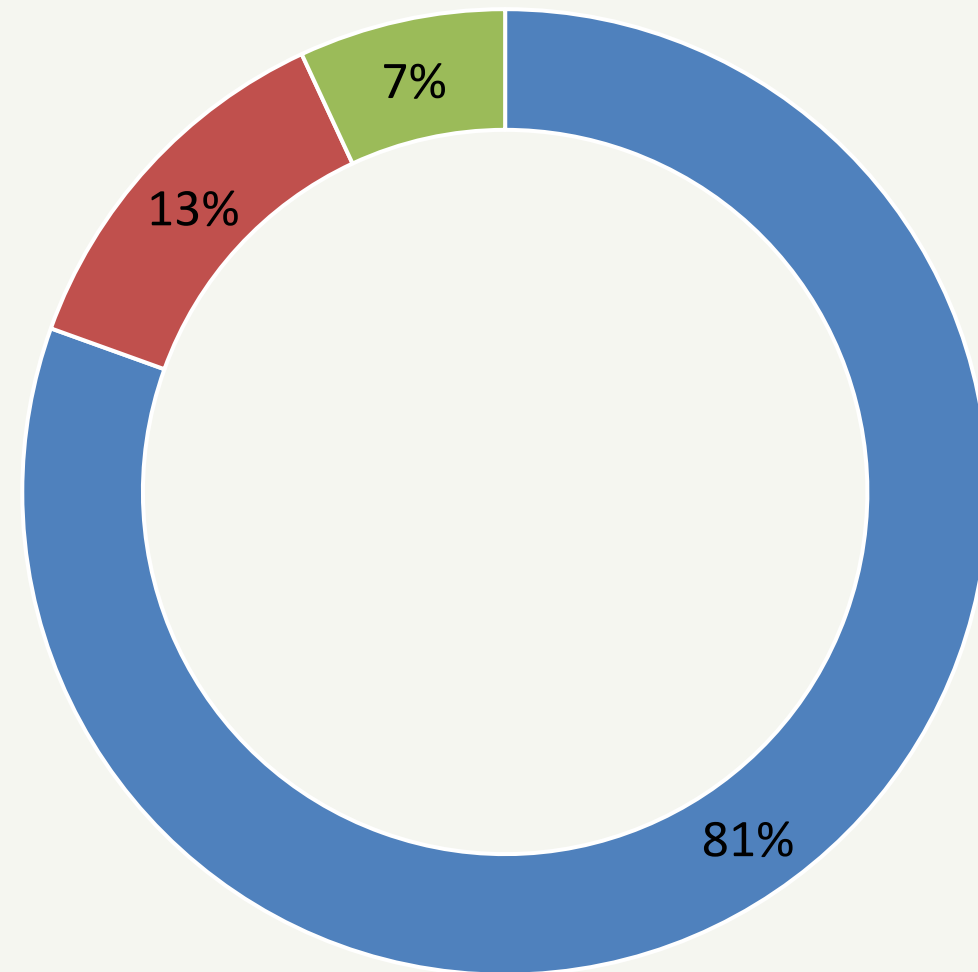
End-uses supported (Green Economy Sectors)



Climate finance flows to three primary use categories:

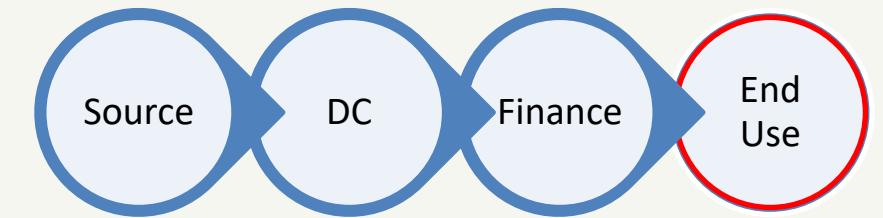
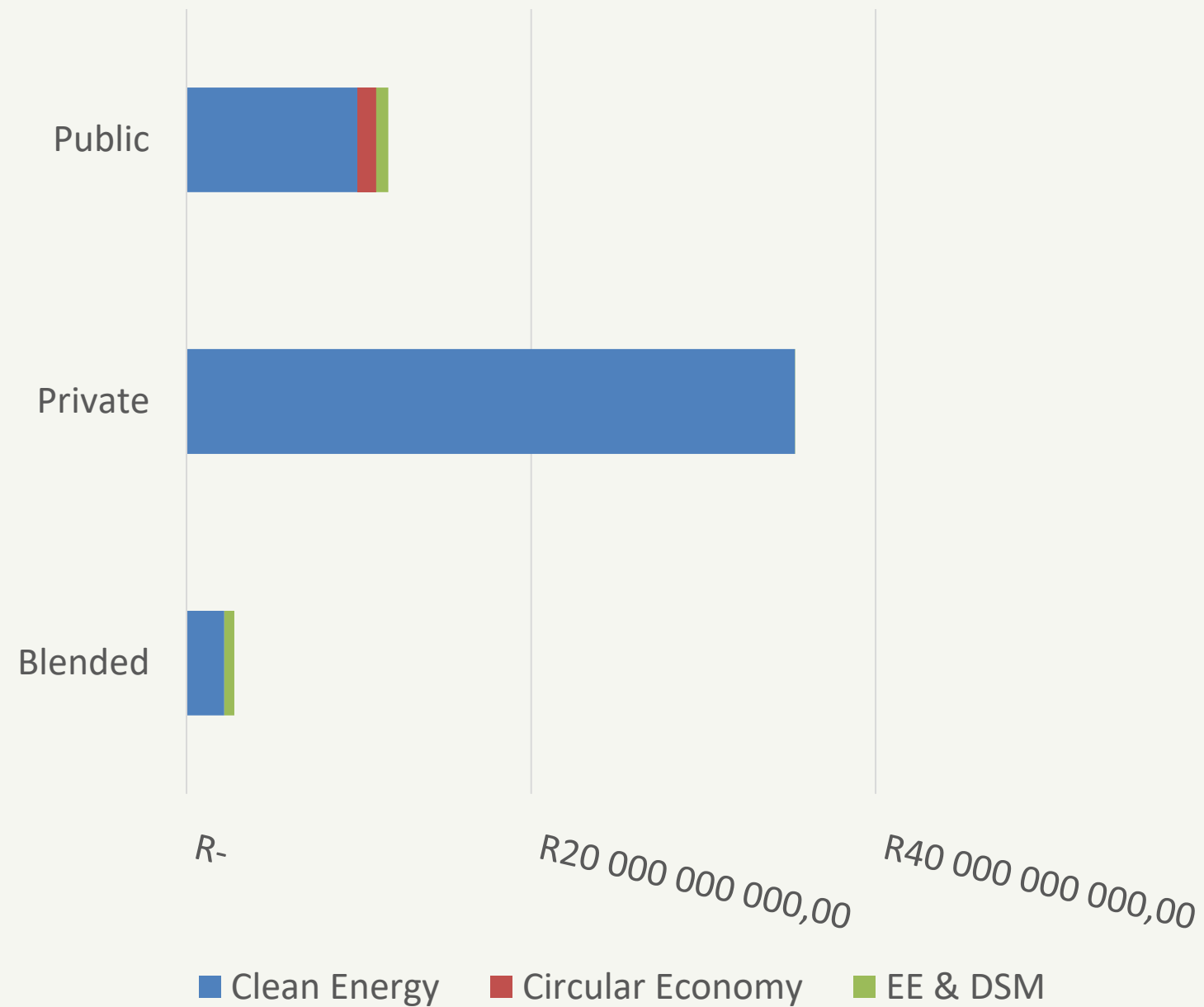
- **Mitigation finance:** reduce or to remove GHGs
- **Adaptation finance:** respond to climate-related risk
- **Dual benefit finance:** Mitigation and adaptation

Future work is needed to include **Transition finance**



■ Mitigation ■ Dual benefits ■ Adaptation

End-uses supported - mitigation



Mitigation investments averaged **R50 billion per year**

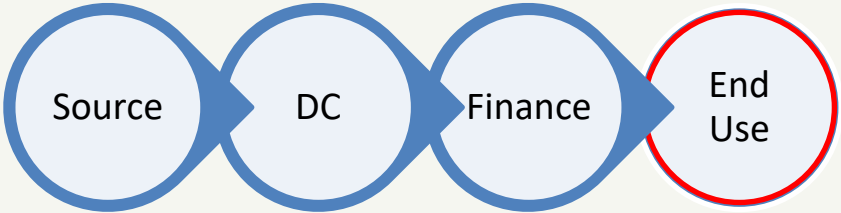
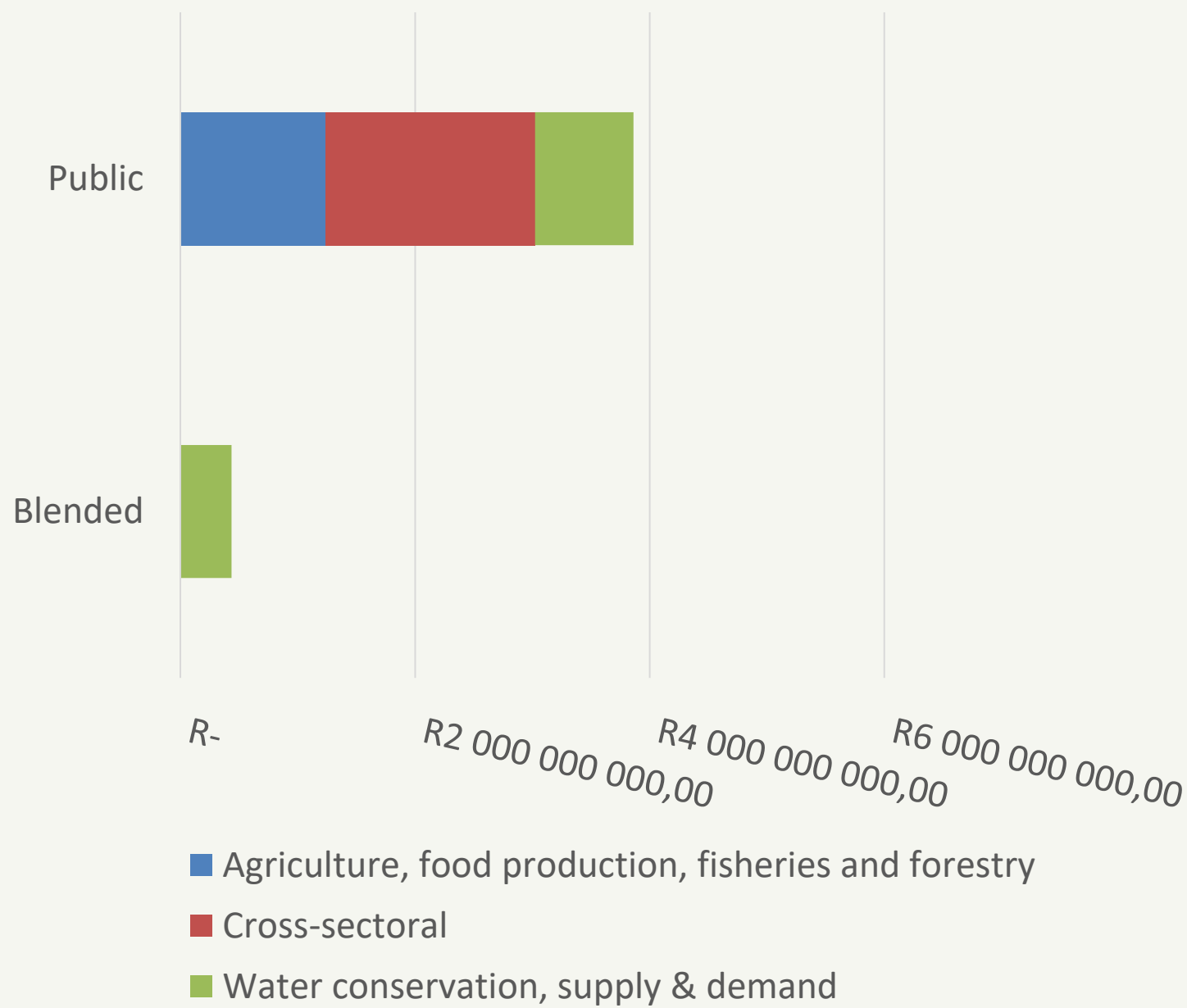
Clean energy generation = 95% of mitigation finance.

Lower than expected - **No Utility-scale renewable energy**

An additional:

- 3% went to energy efficiency & DSM
- 2% to the circular economy (material recovery)

End-uses supported - adaptation

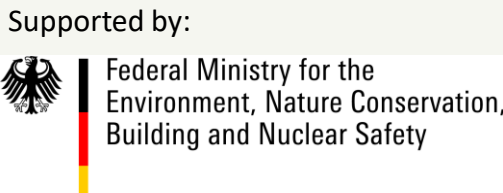


Adaptation investments averaged R4.3 billion per year

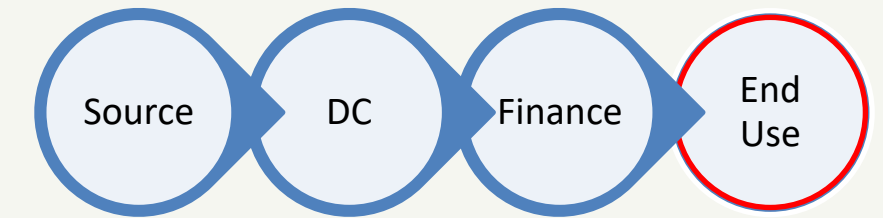
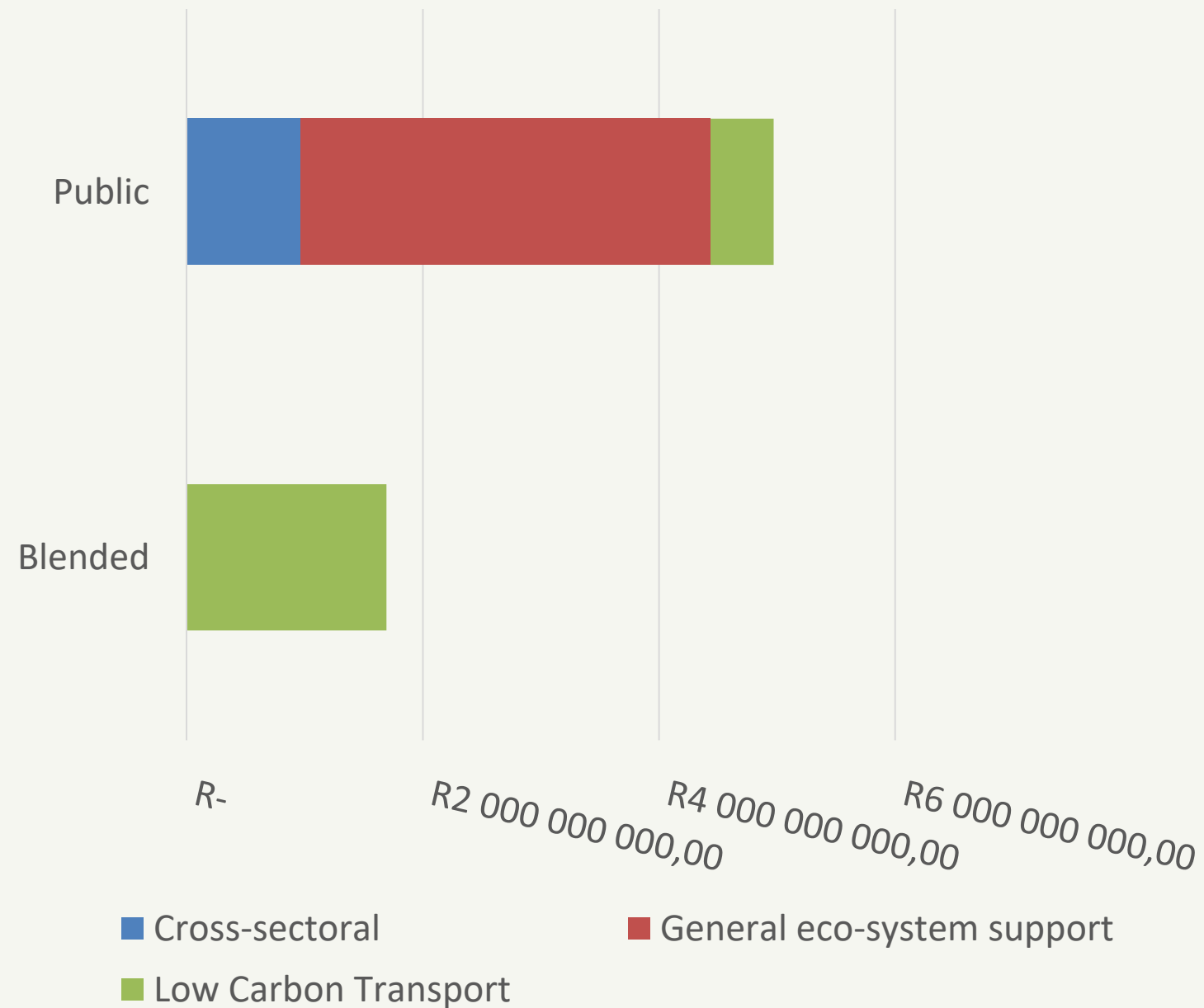
No private sector investments were tracked in adaptation sectors.

The cross-sectoral = annual average of **R1.8 billion**

Water conservation/supply/demand = **R1.3 billion**



End-uses supported - Dual



Dual benefit investments averaged **R7.82 billion per year**.

General eco-system support = **annual of R3.5 billion**

- GHG reduction projects
- Disaster risk management (pre-disaster)
- Disaster risk management (post-disaster)
- Natural resource conservation and management

The low Carbon transport sector averaging **R2.2 billion**

What does this mean for access to
Inclusive Finance for Local Green
Entrepreneurs in South Africa?

Climate Finance Supply Chain

Not relevant	Source / Instrument not relevant at this stage of project financing in South Africa
Available	Investors and/or instrument currently <u>fully</u> active & involved in that specific segment in South Africa
Partially available	Investors and/or instrument <u>partially</u> active & involved in that specific segment in South Africa
Significant gap	Investors and/or instrument <u>not</u> active & involved in that specific segment in South Africa

Climate Finance Supply Chain - Sources

Source	Project initiation	Project development	Primary project funding	Secondary markets & Refinancing
Commercial banks				
Institutional investors				
Private equity				
Corporate funders				
Asset Manager				
Venture capital				



UK Government



Climate Finance Supply Chain - Sources

Source	Project initiation	Project development	Primary project funding	Secondary markets & Refinancing
Impact funds				
Angel investor				
Microfinance and credit unions				
Government budget				
Climate funds				



UK Government



Climate Finance Supply Chain - Sources

Source	Project initiation	Project development	Primary project funding	Secondary markets & Refinancing
Bilateral development partners				
Development finance institution				
NGOs and philanthropic organisations				



UK Government



Climate Finance Supply Chain - Instruments

Instruments	Project initiation	Project development	Primary project funding	Secondary markets & Refinancing
Company balance sheets				
Corporate Bank loans				
Project finance				
Structured finance				
Bonds				



UK Government



Climate Finance Supply Chain - Instruments

Instruments	Project initiation	Project development	Primary project funding	Secondary markets & Refinancing
Green/blue/social bonds				
De-risking products				
Concessional finance				
Grants				
Government budget spend				



UK Government



Barriers, Challenges & Inhibitors to Growth for Climate Finance in SA



There are gaps (NDC and individual)

There are gaps across the entire supply chain, especially in project identification, project development and refinance



Limited project preparation funding

Emerging climate sectors require upfront grant or concessional funding to reach bankability and offset perceived risks.



Risk and guarantees

Guarantee/risk mitigation instruments and structured finance covered 1%-2% of tracked products



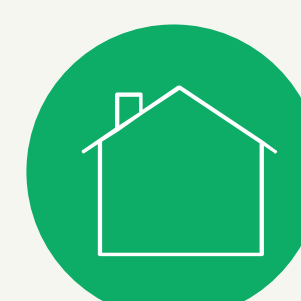
Climate finance is not tied to climate goals

Embedding climate mitigation into the credit and investment processes of financial institutions to unlock finance at scale.



There is no local VC industry

venture capital industry in South Africa is very small and nascent



Mitigation vs adaptation

The majority of climate finance investors are focused on mitigation projects. There is a greater need to attract adaptation finance to South Africa

CFA South Africa



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What CFA South Africa can do for you



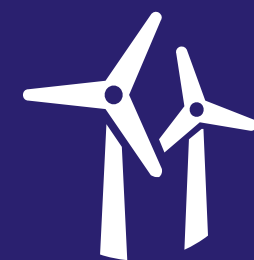
Improve your project's
bankability



Increase your visibility
and provide access to
investors



Give you national and
international networks



Help you achieve your
low carbon objectives

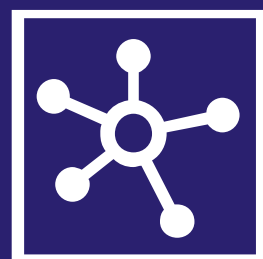
And how we do this



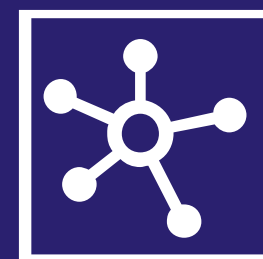
One-to-one coaching
With financial,
technical & GESI
experts



**Group training
sessions**
Provided by investors
and finance experts



Investor workshops
Present and work on
your project with
leading investors



**National / International
events**
Invitations to present in
front of new audiences

Key dates





GreenCape

Thank you
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